

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND  
VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
CONCORD, CALIFORNIA**

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

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**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2015**

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**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
ELECTED OFFICIALS AND MANAGEMENT TEAM  
JUNE 30, 2015**

**BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Richard Ainsley  
Soheila Bana  
Perry Carlston  
Warren Clayton  
Chris Cowen  
Randall Diamond  
Jim Fitzsimmons  
Peggie Howell  
Morris Jones  
Michael Krieg  
Richard H. Mank  
Richard Means  
Lola Odunlami  
Daniel Pellegrini  
James Pinckney  
Sharyn Rossi  
Rolando Villareal  
Diane Wolcott  
Darryl Young

**MANAGEMENT TEAM**

Craig Downs, General Manager  
Ray Waletzko, Assistant Manager



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON  
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Board of Trustees  
Contra Costa Mosquito and  
Vector Control District  
Concord, California

***Report on Financial Statements***

We have audited the basic financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Contra Costa Mosquito and Vector Control District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## ***Opinion***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Contra Costa Mosquito and Vector Control District, as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparisons listed as part of the basic financial statements for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## ***Emphasis of a Matter***

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2015 and required a prior period adjustment of net position as discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements:

Statement No. 68 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*

Statement No. 71 – *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*

The emphasis of this matter does not constitute a modification to our opinion.

## ***Other Matters***

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information related tables be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Pleasant Hill, California  
October 14, 2015

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Contra Costa Mosquito and Vector Control District's (the District) basic financial statements presents management's overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage the reader to consider the information represented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

### **Introduction to the Basic Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's audited financial statements, which are comprised of the basic financial statements. This annual report is prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Decision and Analysis – for States and Local Governments*. The Single Governmental Program for Special Purpose Governments reporting model is used which best represents the activities of the District.

The required financial statements include the Combined Government-wide and Fund Financial statements; Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet; Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances; and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual-General Fund.

These statements are supported by notes to the financial statements. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the District.

### **The Basic Financial Statements**

The Basic Financial Statements comprise the Combined Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the District's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the District's activities as a whole, and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the District as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all of the District's revenues and all of its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of the District's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the District's activities are grouped into Government Activities, as explained below.

The Fund Financial Statements report the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the District's General Fund and other Major Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts.

Major Funds account for the major financial activities of the District and are presented individually. Major Funds are explained below.

## **The Government-wide Financial Statements**

Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

Governmental Activities – The District’s basic services are considered to be governmental activities. These services are supported by general District revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as contract fees and charges.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the District’s most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major Funds, and the determination of which are Major Funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually, with all Non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Major Funds present the major activities of the District for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the District’s activities.

With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District consolidated all of its funds (previously General, LAIF and VCJPA funds) into one fund, the General Fund, which is a major fund.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Comparisons of Budget and Actual financial information are presented for the General Fund as required by GASB 34.

## **Current Year Financial Highlights**

The following are some of the key highlights for the period ending June 30, 2015.

The District total revenue for fiscal year 2014/2015 was \$6,649,678, which was an increase of approximately 5.4% from the previous fiscal year. This increase is related to the county wide increases in property assessed values. The Board of Trustees adopted a fiscal year 2014/2015 budget with a negative \$586,989 to be taken from District reserves. However, the District finished the fiscal year with a Net Change in Fund Balance of \$47,629.

The District established an irrevocable trust for other post employment benefits (OPEB) in fiscal year 2010/2011 and per Board of Trustee direction the District has been contributing \$145,000 annually toward that trust. On July 1, 2011, the Unfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll was 79.35%. On July 1, 2015, the actuarial valuation of assets in the OPEB trust was \$1,376,667 and the unfunded liability as a percent of covered payroll was 20.73%.

The District covers a portion of the cost of retirees medical coverage. In fiscal year 2014/2015 the District decided to cover these costs with a withdrawal from the Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust that was established to cover these future costs. The receipt of \$53,893 is reflected in the large increase in miscellaneous revenue from last fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2014/2015, the District implemented GASB Statement Number 68 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and GASB Statement Number 71 – *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*. The implementation of these two pronouncements required a prior period adjustment to net position, reducing it by approximately \$5 million, as well as reporting a net pension liability of \$5.1 million, which represents the District’s proportionate share of the total liability as actuarially valued by CCCERA. See Note 6 in the accompanying financial statements for more information.

### **Capital Assets**

Total Capital Assets (net of Accumulated Depreciation) were recorded at approximately \$1.7 million. See Note 4 in the accompanying financial statements for more information of current year activity.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide, citizens, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District’s finances and to demonstrate the District’s accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the District at (925) 685-9301.

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
<b>ASSETS</b>	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$6,358,549
Deposit with VCJPA (Notes 3 and 8)	906,494
Interest receivable	5,681
Prepaid retirement expense	11,687
Total current assets	7,282,411
Non current assets:	
Capital assets, nondepreciable (Note 4)	778,640
Capital assets, depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	945,984
Net OPEB asset (Note 7)	187,419
Total non current assets	1,912,043
Total Assets	9,194,454
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Pension related (Note 6)	711,424
Total deferred outflows of resources	711,424
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	42,130
Compensated absences (Note 2E)	360,039
Total current liabilities	402,169
Non current liabilities:	
Collective net pension liability (Note 6)	5,104,681
Total non current liabilities	5,104,681
Total liabilities	5,506,850
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	
Pension related (Note 6)	659,320
Total deferred inflows of resources	659,320
<b>NET POSITION (Note 5)</b>	
Net investment in capital assets	1,724,624
Unrestricted	2,015,084
Total Net Position	\$3,739,708

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues Charges for Services	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position
			Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:			
District operations	\$6,730,130	\$58,292	(\$6,671,838)
Total Governmental Activities	\$6,730,130	\$58,292	(6,671,838)
General revenues:			
Property taxes (Note 2C)			4,409,312
Benefit assessments			2,004,107
Medical insurance reimbursements			84,562
Interest			17,582
Sale of capital assets			6,100
Miscellaneous			75,823
Total General Revenues			6,597,486
Change in Net Position			(74,352)
Net Position - Beginning, as adjusted (Note 2H)			3,814,060
Net Position - Ending			\$3,739,708

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
 GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND  
 BALANCE SHEET  
 JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$6,358,549
Deposit with VCJPA (Notes 3 and 8)	906,494
Interest receivable	5,681
Prepaid retirement expense	<u>11,687</u>
Total Assets	<u><u>\$7,282,411</u></u>

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	<u>\$42,130</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>42,130</u>

FUND BALANCES (Note 5)

Nonspendable:	
Deposit with VCJPA	906,494
Prepays	11,687
Committed for:	
Africanized Honey Bee	165,000
Emerging Disease Surveillance	1,500,000
Building Fund	1,222,584
Public Health Emergency	1,000,000
Unassigned	<u>2,434,516</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>7,240,281</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u><u>\$7,282,411</u></u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements



CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
 Reconciliation of the  
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -- BALANCE SHEET  
 with the  
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
 JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet \$7,240,281

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position  
 are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial  
 resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds. 1,724,624

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources - pension related 711,424  
 Deferred inflows of resources - pension related (659,320)

LONG TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and  
 therefore are not reported in the Funds:

Non-current portion of compensated absences (360,039)  
 Collective net pension liability (5,104,681)  
 Net OPEB asset 187,419

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$3,739,708

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
 GOVERNMENTAL FUND - GENERAL FUND  
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES  
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

REVENUES	
Property taxes (Note 2C)	\$4,409,312
Benefit assessment	2,004,107
Contract billing	58,292
Medical insurance reimbursements	84,562
Interest income	17,582
Other	75,823
Total Revenues	6,649,678
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Salaries	2,864,991
Fringe benefits	2,192,623
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) contributions (Note 7)	145,000
Agriculture	227,704
Clothing/personal supplies	15,947
Communications	22,111
Household expenses	15,427
Insurance	196,481
Equipment maintenance	28,439
Building maintenance	13,605
Lab supplies	38,630
Professional memberships	21,370
Office expense	25,254
Professional special services	84,298
Publications and legal notices	55,180
Small tools	4,076
District special expense	17,939
Transportation/travel	93,044
Utilities	28,109
Research projects	25,000
Taxes and assessments	334,942
Rents and leases	1,250
Capital outlay	156,729
Total Expenditures	6,608,149
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	41,529
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,100
Total financing sources (uses)	6,100
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	47,629
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	7,192,652
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$7,240,281

See accompanying notes to financial statements

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
 Reconciliation of the  
 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
 with the  
 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$47,629

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Purchase of capital assets	98,291
Depreciation expense is deducted from fund balance	(206,031)

NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

Compensated absences	(64,137)
Pension expense, net of deferred inflows and outflows	(967)
Salary and benefit expenses related to OPEB	50,863
	50,863

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	(\$74,352)
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See accompanying notes to financial statements

CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
GENERAL FUND  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property taxes	\$4,014,439	\$4,409,312	\$394,873
Benefit assessment	1,995,302	2,004,107	8,805
Contract billing	60,000	58,292	(1,708)
Medical insurance reimbursements	76,000	84,562	8,562
Interest income	13,000	17,582	4,582
Other	70,000	75,823	5,823
Total Revenues	<u>6,228,741</u>	<u>6,649,678</u>	<u>420,937</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Salaries	2,862,975	2,864,991	(2,016)
Fringe benefits	2,230,314	2,192,623	37,691
Other post employment benefits (OPEB) contributions	145,000	145,000	
Agriculture	200,000	227,704	(27,704)
Clothing/personal supplies	22,675	15,947	6,728
Communications	18,820	22,111	(3,291)
Household expenses	20,700	15,427	5,273
Insurance	198,909	196,481	2,428
Equipment maintenance	38,300	28,439	9,861
Building maintenance	23,150	13,605	9,545
Lab supplies	36,500	38,630	(2,130)
Professional memberships	21,000	21,370	(370)
Office expense	33,040	25,254	7,786
Professional special services	153,687	84,298	69,389
Publications and legal notices	55,115	55,180	(65)
Small tools	8,400	4,076	4,324
District special expense	28,250	17,939	10,311
Transportation/travel	136,355	93,044	43,311
Utilities	33,000	28,109	4,891
Research projects	25,000	25,000	
Taxes and assessments	337,000	334,942	2,058
Rental and leases	6,500	1,250	5,250
Capital outlay	181,040	156,729	24,311
Total Expenditures	<u>6,815,730</u>	<u>6,608,149</u>	<u>207,581</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,100	6,100
Total Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>6,100</u>	<u>6,100</u>
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	<u>(\$586,989)</u>	47,629	<u>\$634,618</u>
<b>BEGINNING FUND BALANCE</b>		<u>7,192,652</u>	
<b>ENDING FUND BALANCE</b>		<u>\$7,240,281</u>	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 1 - GENERAL**

The Contra Costa Mosquito Abatement District was formed in 1926 and began operations on April 15, 1927. The original district, comprised of approximately 61 square miles, then annexed and merged with other districts to become the county-wide Contra Costa Mosquito Abatement District, effective July 1, 1986. Effective July 1, 1993, Contra Costa County's Vector Control program was merged into Contra Costa Mosquito Abatement District, forming the Contra Costa Mosquito and Vector Control District (the District).

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies of the District conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

**A. *Basis of Presentation***

The District's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These Statements require that the financial statements described below be presented.

***Government-wide Financial Statements:*** The District's financial statements reflect only its own activities; it has no component units (other government units overseen by the District). The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

***Fund Financial Statements:*** Fund Financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. General fund operations are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures (or expenses) as appropriate. The District's resources are accounted for based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. An emphasis is placed on major funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. The District has elected to show each of its funds as a major fund.

The District reported the following major governmental fund in the accompanying financial statements:

***Governmental Funds:***

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**B. Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide, financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the full *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are *incurred*, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual* basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when “measurable and available.” The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as *expenditures* in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property, certain charges for services, and interest revenue.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly, receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The District may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorically block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net assets may be available to finance program expenditures. The District’s policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

**C. Property Taxes**

Property Tax Levy, Collection and Maximum Rates – The State of California (State) Constitution Article XIII (A) provides that the combined maximum property tax rate on any given property may not exceed one percent of its assessed value when an additional amount for general obligation debt has been approved by voters. Assessed value is calculated at 100 percent of market value as define by Article XIII (A) and may be adjusted by no more than two percent per year unless the property is sold or transferred. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from a one percent tax levy to the counties, cities, school districts and other districts.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The County of Contra Costa is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes for the District. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property situated in the District. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1<sup>st</sup>, which is also the lien date. State code requires tax rates to be set no later than the first workday in September unless the County of Contra Costa Board of Supervisors elects to extend the deadline to October 3<sup>rd</sup>. Property taxes on the secured roll are due in two installments: November 1<sup>st</sup> and February 1<sup>st</sup> and become delinquent after December 10<sup>th</sup> and April 10<sup>th</sup>, respectively. Supplemental property taxes are levied based on changes in assessed values between the date of real property sales or construction and the preceding assessment date. The additional supplemental property taxes are prorated from the first day of the month following the date of such occurrence. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due in the lien date (January 1<sup>st</sup>), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31<sup>st</sup>.

**D. *Budgets and Budgetary Accounting***

The District follows the procedures established by the State of California for special districts in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

During the year, the General Fund was the only fund for which a budget was required. The budget was prepared on the cash basis. Differences between the cash basis budget and the modified accrual financial records are not considered to be material.

**E. *Accumulated Compensated Absences***

Compensated absences are comprised of unpaid vacation. Vacation is accrued as earned and sick leave is not accrued since it does not vest. The General Fund has been used to liquidate compensated absences.

**F. *Use of Estimates***

The Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and, as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

**G. *Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources***

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

**H. *Prior Period Adjustment***

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. The intension of this Statement is to improve the decision-usefulness of information in employer and governmental non-employer contributing entity financial reports and enhance its value for assessing accountability and inter-period equity by requiring recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In 2014, GASB issued Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*. The intension of this Statement is to eliminate the source of a potential significant understatement of restated beginning net position and expense in the first year of implementation of Statement 68 in the accrual-basis financial statements of employers and non-employer contributing entities.

The implementation of the above Statements required the District to make a prior period adjustment on the government-wide statements for \$5,051,610. See Note 6 for additional information.

**NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

**A. *Policies***

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the District's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the District's name and places the District ahead of general creditors of the institution. The District has funds held by the VCJPA which are uncollateralized and uninsured.

The District's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The District adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.



**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

The District's cash and investments consist of the following at June 30, 2015:

Cash (overdraft) in banks	\$68,628
Carrying value of investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund	6,289,921
Deposits with Joint Powers Authority	906,494
Total cash and investments	\$7,265,043

**B. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy**

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District, and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the District's Investment Policy where the District's Investment Policy is more restrictive.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Minimum Credit Quality	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment In One Issue
Local Agency Investment Fund	Upon Demand	N/A	None	100%
Interest Bearing Checking Account	N/A	N/A	None	100%
United States Treasury Money Market	N/A	N/A	None	10%
Certificates of Deposit	5 years	IUQCI* of 85	None	\$100,000
U.S. Treasury Bills and Notes	5 years	N/A	None	100%
U.S. Government and Agency Securities	5 years	N/A	None	100%
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	Moody's A	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	180 days	Moody's A	15%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	N/A	20%	100%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	Moody's AA	30%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2 years	Moody's A+	30%	10%

\*Irwin Union Quality Code Index

As of June 30, 2015, the District's only investments are held in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is in compliance with the District's investment policy.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

**C. Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity is of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District generally manages its interest rate risk by holding investments to maturity.

All of the District's investments mature in less than twelve months.

The District is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are maintained on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2015, these investments matured in an average of 239 days.

**D. Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. None of the District's investments are subject to credit ratings.

**NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$206,031 which is entirely allocated to the District Operations function. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings	30 years
Landscaping	10 years
Vehicles, trailers and boats	8 years
Field and operations equipment	8 - 10 years
Office and administrative equipment	3-20 years
Office furniture	10 years
Solar panels	25 years
Solar inverter	10 years

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets with a value of \$5,000 or more and with a useful life of one year or more are capitalized.

Capital assets at June 30 comprise the following:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015	NBV June 30, 2015
<i>Governmental activities</i>					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$778,640			\$778,640	\$778,640
Total capital assets not being depreciated	778,640			778,640	\$778,640
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Building	3,855,032			3,855,032	\$438,368
Landscaping	26,226			26,226	
Vehicles, trailers and boats	695,327	\$91,135	(\$38,239)	748,223	170,422
Field and operations equipment	127,711			127,711	9,068
Office and admin equipment	26,781	7,156		33,937	11,110
Office furniture	78,869			78,869	
Solar panels	410,340			410,340	296,927
Solar inverter	65,000			65,000	20,089
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,285,286	98,291	(38,239)	5,345,338	\$945,984
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building	(3,290,849)	(125,815)		(3,416,664)	
Landscaping	(26,226)			(26,226)	
Vehicles, trailers and boats	(566,091)	(49,949)	38,239	(577,801)	
Field and operations equipment	(114,228)	(4,415)		(118,643)	
Office and admin equipment	(19,825)	(3,002)		(22,827)	
Office furniture	(78,869)			(78,869)	
Solar panels	(97,045)	(16,368)		(113,413)	
Solar inverter	(38,429)	(6,482)		(44,911)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,231,562)	(206,031)	38,239	(4,399,354)	
Total depreciable assets	1,053,724	(\$107,740)		945,984	
Total capital assets	\$1,832,364			\$1,724,624	

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION**

**A. Net Position**

Net Position is the excess of all the District's assets and deferred outflows over all its liabilities, deferred inflows, regardless of fund. Net Position is divided into two captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the District-wide level, and are described below:

*Net investment in Capital Assets* describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets.

*Unrestricted* describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted to use.

**B. Fund Balance**

The District's fund balances are classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which requires the District to classify its fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the District prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

*Nonspendables* represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

*Restricted* fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

*Committed* fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees which may be altered only by formal action of the Board of Trustees. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to Board commitments are included along with spendable resources.

*Assigned* fund balances are amounts constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Trustees or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the Board of Trustees or its designee. This category includes encumbrances, nonspendables, when it is the District's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds which have not been restricted or committed.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (Continued)**

*Unassigned* fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS**

**A. General Information about the Pension Plans**

**Plan Descriptions** – The District participates in the Contra Costa County Employees’ Retirement Association (CCCERA), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. CCCERA is governed by the Board of Retirement (Board) under the County Employee’s Retirement Law of 1937, as amended on July 1, 1945. It provides benefits upon retirement, death or disability of members, and covers substantially all of the employees of the County of Contra Costa and eighteen other member agencies.

**Benefits Provided** – Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members may elect service retirement at age of 50 with 10 years of service credit, age 70 regardless of service, or with thirty years of service, regardless of age.

Benefits are administered by the Board under the provision of the 1937 Act. Annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) to retirement benefits may be granted by the Board as provided by State statutes. Services retirements are based on age, length of service and final average salary. Employees may withdraw contributions, plus interest credited, or leave them on deposit for a deferred retirement when they terminate or transfer to a reciprocal retirement system.

The Plans’ provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plans	
	Prior to January 1, 2013	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2.5% at 67
Benefit vesting schedule	10 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	52
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	0% to 100%	0% to 100%
Required employee contribution rates	6.85% - 8.87%	7.75%
Required employer contribution rates	33.53% to 34.39%	28.28%

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

**Contributions** – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees’ Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plans
Contributions - employer	\$1,357,021

**B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
Miscellaneous Plans	\$5,104,681
Total Net Pension Liability	\$5,104,681

The District’s net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of December 31, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013 rolled forward to December 31, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of December 31, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

Reporting Date for Employer under GASB 68 as of December 31	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate share of Net Pension Liability	Covered- employee payroll	Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Pension as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2013	0.427%	\$6,281,902	\$2,787,246	225.38%	74.40%
2014	0.427%	5,104,681	2,840,172	179.73%	79.57%

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,357,022. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$683,814	
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$613,443
Changes of assumptions		253
Change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	27,610	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		45,624
Total	\$711,424	\$659,320

The \$683,814 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2016	\$7,614	\$181,821
2017	7,614	181,821
2018	7,614	181,821
2019	4,768	113,857

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

*Actuarial Assumptions* – The total pension liabilities in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	December 31, 2013
Measurement Date	December 31, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll for total unfunded liability
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.25% (2)
Inflation Rate	3.25%
Payroll Growth	4.00%
Projected Salary Increase	4.75% - 13.50% (1)
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table

(1) Vary by service, including inflation

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

*Discount Rate* – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as December 31, 2014.



**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in 2013 using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	13.60%	6.09%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	5.80%	6.79%
Developed International Equity	17.60%	6.66%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.60%	8.02%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	16.10%	0.83%
International Bonds	3.30%	0.69%
High Yield Bonds	5.00%	3.32%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.66%	0.73%
Long Duration Fixed Income	5.00%	1.45%
Real Estate	12.50%	4.83%
Commodities	1.67%	4.71%
Private Equity	10.00%	8.95%
Alternative Investment (Timber)	1.67%	4.20%
Cash & Equivalents	0.50%	0.25%
Total	100%	

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 6 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)**

***Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate*** – The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	6.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$8,350,457
Current Discount Rate	7.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$5,104,681
1% Increase	8.25%
Net Pension Liability	\$2,411,162

***Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position*** – Detailed information about each pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CCCERA financial reports.

**NOTE 7 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

The District records its other postemployment benefits in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This Statement establishes uniform financial reporting standards for employers providing postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). Required disclosures are presented below.

**A. Plan Description and Funding Policy**

The District provides postretirement health care benefits to all employees, hired prior to July 1, 2007, who retire on or after attaining age 50 with a minimum of 5 years of public service. All eligible retirees can continue medical coverage with the plan provided for active employees. The District covers up to the lowest cost Health Maintenance Organization’s plan available to retirees. The cost of the benefits provided by the Plan was being paid by the District on a pay-as-you-go basis until June 2011, when the District joined the Public Agencies Post-Retirement Health Care Plan, a multiple employer trust administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS).

At June 30, 2015, 10 retirees participated in the Plan.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 7 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

**B. Actuarial Assumptions**

The annual required contribution (ARC) was determined as part of a July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. This is a projected benefit cost method under which the present value of benefits is apportioned into accrued liability and service cost. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 5.5% investment rate of return (based on a pay-as-you-go funding plan), (b) 5% ultimate trend rate, (c) 3% projected annual salary increase, and (d) health care cost trend rates from 5% to 7% or medical benefits. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision at least tri-annually as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The District's OPEB unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll using a 30 year amortization period on an open basis.

**C. Funding Progress and Funded Status**

Generally accepted accounting principles permits contributions to be treated as OPEB assets and deducted from the Actuarial Accrued Liability when such contributions are placed in an irrevocable trust or equivalent arrangement. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the District contributed \$145,000 to the PARS trust. As a result, the District has recorded a Net OPEB Asset, representing the difference between the ARC and the actual contributions, as presented below:

The District's Net OPEB Asset (NOA) is recorded in the Statement of Net Position and is calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$144,136
Interest on Net OPEB Asset	(7,511)
Adjustments to ARC	<u>10,443</u>
Annual OPEB cost	147,068
Contributions made to PARS	(145,000)
District's portion of current year premiums paid	<u>(52,931)</u>
(Increase) in Net OPEB asset	(50,863)
Net OPEB (asset) at June 30, 2014	<u>(136,556)</u>
Net OPEB (asset) at June 30, 2015	<u><u>(\$187,419)</u></u>

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) representing the present value of future benefits, included in the actuarial study dated July 1, 2014, amounted to \$719,921.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 7 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)**

The Plan's annual required contributions and actual contributions for the last three fiscal years are set forth below:

Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation Liability (Asset)
June 30, 2013	\$238,683	\$255,808	107%	(\$30,094)
June 30, 2014	144,782	251,244	174%	(136,556)
June 30, 2015	147,068	197,931	135%	(187,419)

The Schedule of Funding Progress below and the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Trend data from the most recent actuarial studies is presented below:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (B)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (A - B)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	Unfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll [(A - B)/C]
7/1/2014	\$1,212,304	\$1,932,225	\$719,921	62.74%	\$3,472,028	20.73%

**NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District participates with other public entities in a joint venture under a joint powers agreement which established the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency (VCJPA) which is a workers compensation and general liability risk pool. The relationship between the District and VCJPA is such that VCJPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes. The District reports all of its risk management activities in its VCJPA Fund. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Should there be a need for a retrospective adjustment due to adverse claim activity, the District may be assessed additional premiums.

The VCJPA is a consortium of thirty-four (34) mosquito abatement or vector control districts in the State of California. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code section 6500 et seq. The VCJPA is governed by a Board of Directors, which meets four times per year, consisting of one member from each of the four regions as well as two trustees of the Mosquito and Vector Control Association of California (MVCAC). A risk management group employed by the VCJPA handles the day-to-day business.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For The Year Ended June 30, 2015**

**NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)**

The following is a summary of the insurance policies in force carried by the Authority as of June 30, 2015:

Type of Coverage	District Limits	District Deductibles
General Liability	\$14,000,000	\$1,000,000
Employment Practices	2,000,000	25,000
Workers' Compensation	500,000	Statutory
Boiler and Machinery	100,000,000	2,500
All-risk Property	1,000,000,000	10,000
Auto Physical Damage (per vehicle)	35,000	500
Business Travel Accident	150,000	none
Group Fidelity	1,000,000	2,500

As defined by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 10, the Vector Control Joint Powers Agency is “a claims servicing or account pool.” VCJPA manages separate accounts for each pool member from whom losses and expenses of that member are paid, up to the retention limit. VCJPA purchases commercial excess insurance. The annual assessment of each member includes allocation for loss payments, expenses and excess insurance premiums.

Annually, VCJPA evaluates the assets of each pool member in comparison with expected future liabilities. The “financial risk position” of each member is determined by subtracting case reserves, claims incurred but not reported amounts and claim development from members’ deposit balances. If a negative risk position is found, a supplemental amount is added to the member’s annual assessment.

In accordance with GASB 10, the District has recorded its deposit with VCJPA as an asset at June 30, 2015. The District had no claims losses outstanding at June 30, 2015. Settled claims for the District have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

The District has reserves of \$906,494 in deposit with VCJPA for member contingencies to cover the District’s self-insured retentions (SIR) for two claims in each type of coverage. The VCJPA has also purchased insurance to cover catastrophic losses.

Financial statements may be obtained from Vector Control Joint Powers Agency, 1831 K Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

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**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Retirement Plan**  
**As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015**  
**Last 10 Years\***

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS**

	2015
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>	
Service Cost	\$ 820,780
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	2,395,941
Expensed portion of current-period changes in proportion and difference between employer's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	7,670
Expensed portion of current-period benefit changes	0
Expensed portion of current-period difference between expected and actual experience in the Total Pension Liability	(170,401)
Expensed portion of current-period changes of assumptions or other inputs	(70)
Member contributions	(334,097)
Projected earnings on plan investments	(1,994,327)
Expensed portion of current-period differences between actual and projected earnings on plan investments	(11,406)
Administrative expense	29,799
Other	0
Recognition of beginning of year deferred outflows of resources as pension expense	0
Recognition of beginning of year deferred inflows of resources as pension expense	0
Net amortization of deferred amounts from changes in proportion and differences between employer's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	0
<b>Net change in total pension liability</b>	<b>\$ 743,889</b>
 <b>Reconciliation of Net Pension Liability</b>	
Beginning Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,281,902
Pension expense	743,889
Employer contributions	(1,289,400)
New net deferred inflows	(659,320)
New net deferred outflows to change in proportion	27,610
<b>Net pension liability - ending</b>	<b>\$ 5,104,681</b>
 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	 79.57%
 Covered - employee payroll	 \$ 2,840,172
 Net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll	 179.73%

**Notes to Schedule:**

**Changes in assumptions -** In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.



**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Retirement Plan**  
**As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015**  
**Last 10 Years\***  
**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,289,400
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	1,289,400
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,840,172
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	45.40%

**Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date: 12/31/2013

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	9 years **
Asset valuation method	5-year semi-annually
Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	4.75% - 13.50%
Investment rate of return	7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Retirement age	50 years Classic, 52 years PEPR
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with setbacks and forwards

\* Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only one year is shown.

\*\* Remaining balance of December 31, 2007 UAAL is amortized over a fixed (decreasing or closed) period with 9 years remaining as of December 31, 2013. Any changes in UAAL after December 31, 2007 will be separately amortized over a fixed 18-year period effective with that valuation. Any changes in UAAL due to plan amendments will be amortized over a 10-year fixed period effective with that valuation.

**CONTRA COSTA MOSQUITO AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT**  
**Other Post Employment Benefits**  
**As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2015**  
**Last 3 Valuations**  
**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (A)	Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability (B)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (A - B)	Funded Ratio (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	Unfunded Actuarial Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll [(A - B)/C]
7/1/2008	\$0	\$2,062,383	\$2,062,383	0.00%	\$2,599,152	79.35%
7/1/2011	0	2,016,045	2,016,045	0.00%	2,594,856	77.69%
7/1/2014	1,212,304	1,932,225	719,921	62.74%	2,907,768	24.76%